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AFOEHL REPORT 89-128EQ0013LEF



AD-A218 621

**Source Emission Testing of Hospital Pathological
Waste Incinerator, Beale AFB CA**

ROBERT W. VAUGHN, Capt, USAF, BSC

December 1989

Final Report

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**AF Occupational and Environmental Health Laboratory (AFSC)
Human Systems Division
Brooks Air Force Base, Texas 78235-5501**

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<p>At the request of HQ SAC/SGPB, source testing for particulate, chloride and visible emissions was conducted on the hospital Pathological Waste Incinerator. Testing was accomplished on 30 Aug 89. The survey was conducted to determine if the incinerator will meet the hospital's future needs. Incinerator usage will increase due to the closure of Mather AFB. Results indicate that the incinerator met both particulate and visible emissions standards. There is no standard for chloride emissions in the Yuba Air Pollution Control District. However, the incinerator will not be capable of handling an increased workload. A long term disposal method for pathological waste needs to be developed.</p>					
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Contents

	Page
DD Form 1473	i
Illustrations	iv
I. INTRODUCTION	1
II. DISCUSSION	1
III. CONCLUSIONS	6
IV. RECOMMENDATIONS	7
References	8
Appendix	
A Personal Information	9
B State Regulations	13
C Field Data	21
D Calibration Data	35
E Acetone Blank Results and Particulate Emissions Calculations	49
F Hydrogen Chloride Emissions Calculations	55
Distribution List	59

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Distribution	
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Illustrations

Figure	Title	Page
1	Pathological Waste Incinerator	2
2	Grab Sampling Train	3
3	Orsat Apparatus	3
4	Particulate Sampling Train	4
5	Visible Emissions	6

Table

1	Particulate Emissions Test Results	5
2	Hydrogen Chloride Emissions Results	5

I. INTRODUCTION

On 30 Aug 89, source emission testing for particulates, chloride, and visible emissions was conducted at the 9 Strategic Hospital pathological incinerator at Beale AFB by personnel from the Air Quality Function of the AF Occupational and Environmental Health Laboratory (AFOEHL). This survey was requested by the 9 Strategic Hospital Commander to determine if the incinerator will meet their future needs. Increased incinerator use is anticipated due to the closure of Mather AFB. Personnel involved with on-site testing are listed in Appendix A.

II. DISCUSSION

A. Background

The 9 Strategic Hospital Commander has become concerned about the environmental impact of a hospital expansion. The mission of the hospital is expected to increase due to the projected closure of Mather AFB and the transfer of navigator training to Beale AFB. Pathological waste is presently incinerated in the hospital pathological incinerator. Hospital administrators are concerned the incinerator may become overburdened if the mission increases.

B. Site Description

The pathological waste incinerator is located inside a small building behind the hospital. The exhaust stack extends through the roof. A photograph of the exhaust stack is shown in Figure 1. The incinerator was manufactured by Bayco (Model PR2B-100) and was designed for Type 4 waste (defined as human and animal solid refuse consisting of carcasses and organs from hospitals, laboratories, and slaughterhouses). The unit does not have any air pollution control equipment and has the following operational parameters:

1. two-chamber design
2. propane fired
3. 100 pounds per hour(lb/hr) load capacity

The incinerator is operated on a batch cycle at about 100 lb per burn. The burn time is about one hour. Approximately 14 batches of waste are burned per week.

C. Applicable Standards: Local standards applicable to incinerators used for disposal of pathological waste are defined under the County of Yuba, Air Pollution Control District Regulation III, Prohibition - Stationary Emission Sources, Rules 3.0 and 3.2. These regulations, detailed in Appendix B, address two areas:

1. "Rule 3.0 - Visible emissions: Prohibits emissions from any single source which are as dark or darker as that designated as No. 2 on the Ringelmann Chart or equivalent opacity of 40%."



Figure 1. Pathological Waste Incinerator, Beale AFB CA

2. "Rule 3.2 - Particulate Matter Concentration: prohibits the emission of particulate matter in excess of 0.3 grains of particulate matter per dry cubic foot of exhaust gas (gr/dscf), corrected to 12% carbon dioxide (CO_2), from any source involving a combustion process."

D. Sampling Methods and Procedures

Present regulations require that all emissions testing be conducted in accordance with Appendix A to Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 60 (40 CFR 60). Therefore, sample train preparation, sampling and recovery, calculations and quality assurance were done in accordance with the methods and procedures outlined in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A and California Method 421.

Two sampling ports were installed at right angles in the stack. Two traverses of the stack cross section were completed. These ports were installed approximately 8 duct diameters downstream and 7 duct diameters upstream from any flow disturbance. Based on the inside stack diameter, port location and type of sample (particulate), 12 traverse points (6 per diameter) were used to collect a representative particulate sample. Appendix C shows port locations and sampling points.

Prior to every sample run, cyclonic flow was determined by using the Type S pitot tube and measuring the stack gas rotational angle at each traverse point. Flow conditions were considered acceptable when the arithmetic average of the rotational angles was 20 degrees or less. A preliminary velocity pressure traverse was also accomplished at this time.

A grab sample for ORSAT analysis (measures oxygen and carbon dioxide for stack gas molecular weight determination) was taken during each sample run. ORSAT sampling and analysis equipment are shown in Figures 2 and 3. Flue gas moisture content, needed for determination of flue gas molecular weight determination, was obtained during particulate sampling.

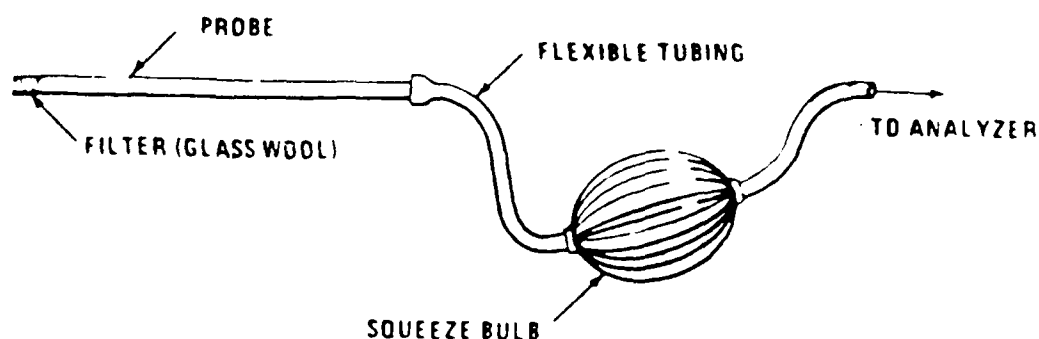


Figure 2. Grab Sampling Train

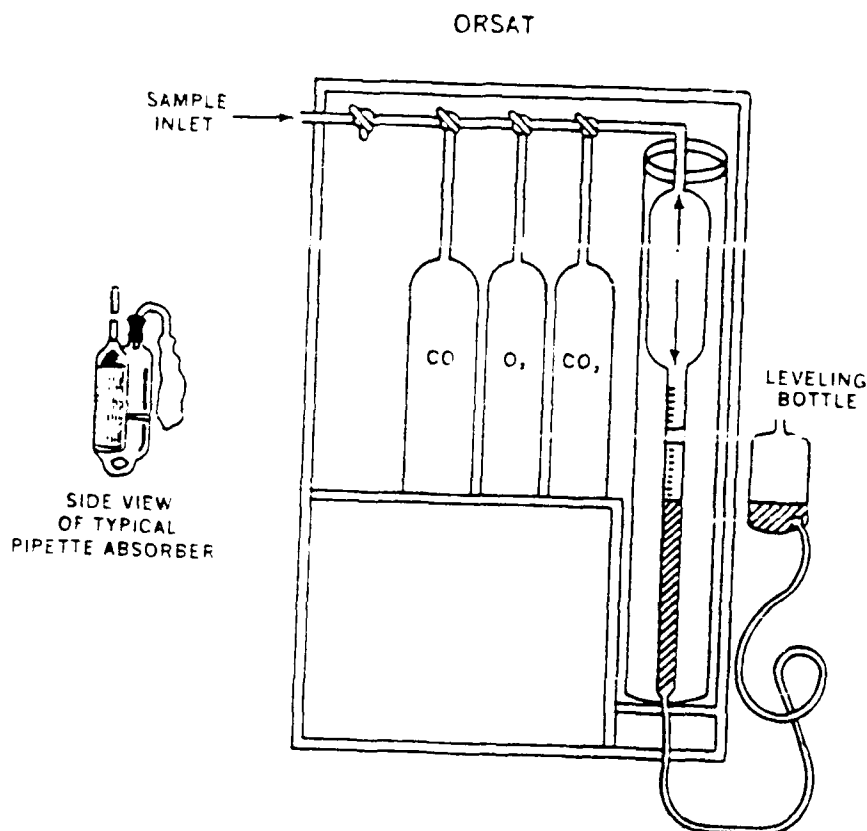


Figure 3. ORSAT Apparatus

Particulate and HCl samples were collected using the sampling train shown in Figure 4. The train consisted of a buttonhook probe nozzle, heated Inconel probe, heated glass filter, impingers and a pumping and metering device. The nozzle was sized prior to each sample run so that the gas stream could be sampled isokinetically (the velocity at the nozzle tip was the same as the stack gas velocity at each point sampled). Flue gas velocity pressure was measured at the nozzle tip using a Type 3 pitot tube connected to a 10-inch inclined-vertical manometer. Type K thermocouples were used to measure flue gas and sampling train temperatures. The probe liner was heated to minimize moisture condensation. The heated filter was used to collect particulates. The impinger train consisted of the following components:

1. First, third and fourth impingers: Modified Greenburg-Smith type.
2. Second impinger: Standard Greenburg-Smith design. The apparatus was used as a condenser to collect stack gas moisture and hydrochloric acid (HCl). California Method 421 was used to collect HCl; the distilled water normally used in the first two impingers was replaced with known quantities of 0.003M sodium carbonate and 0.0024M sodium bicarbonate to remove water from the gas sample, as well as act as the collection media for the HCl. The pumping and metering system was used to control and monitor the sample gas flow rate. Equipment calibration data are found in Appendix D.

All calculations were made using the Environmental Protection Agency publication entitled "Source Test Calculation and Check Programs for Hewlett-Packard 41 Calculators", (EPA-340/1-85-013) and associated software programs. Particulate samples were analyzed according to the methods specified in Method 5. HCl samples were analyzed by ion chromatography.

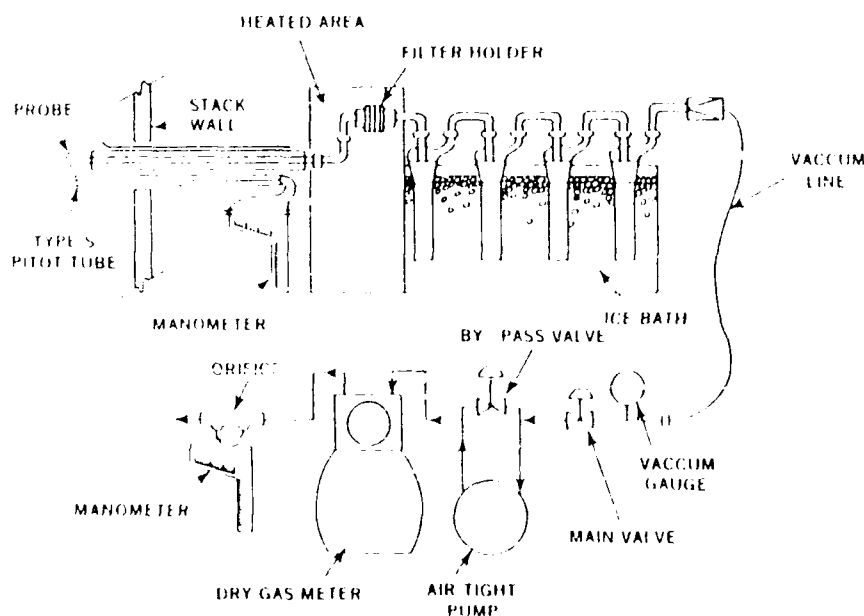


Figure 4. Particulate Sampling Train

E. Results

1. Visible Emissions: Visible emissions averaged less than 40% for all runs. Flame were seen shooting from the top of the incinerator during loading. This probably resulted from excess propane.

2. Particulate Emissions: Gravimetric analysis of the front half of the collector on filterable particulate matter (material collected on sampling train surfaces up to and including the filter) was determined for compliance purposes. Field data sheets are found in Appendix C and the resulting particulate emission calculations are presented in Appendix E. Table 1 provides the final particulate emissions test results. Particulate emissions averaged 0.493 lb/hr. This complies with the applicable limits. This corresponds to an average of 0.25 gr/dscf, below the limit of 0.3 gr/dscf.

3. HCl Emissions: Table 2 presents the final HCl emissions test results. HCl calculations are found in Appendix F. At this time, there are no State standards for HCl emissions.

Table 1. Particulate Emission Test Results

Run	STACK GAS		TOTAL CATCH (mg)	EMISSIONS	
	%CO ₂	%O ₂		(gr/dscf)	CORRECTED TO 12% CO- (gr/dscf)
1	7.2	10.0	236.8	0.089	0.148
2	7.4	9.8	449.8	0.159	0.258
3	8.4	8.4	695.0	0.259	0.370
AVG =				0.169	0.259

Table 2: Hydrogen Chloride Emission Test Results

Run #	TOTAL HCL COLLECTED	SAMPLE VOLUME	STACK GAS FLOW RATE	EMISSIONS	
	(mg)	(dscf)	(dscfm)	(gr/dscf)	(lb/hr)
1	34.9	40.9	313.0	0.013	0.035
2	13.8	43.5	359.0	0.005	0.015
3	45.4	41.5	337.0	0.017	0.049
AVG =				0.012	0.033

Abbreviations used in Tables 1 and 2

mg = milligrams

gr/dscf = grains per dry standard cubic foot

dscf = dry standard cubic foot

dscfm = dry standard cubic foot per minute

III. CONCLUSIONS

Compliance testing results indicate the incinerator is in compliance with applicable Yuba County visible and particulate emissions standards. However, the following problems were observed during operation of the incinerator:

1. Flames were seen shooting from the top of the incinerator during loading; the stack refractory glowed red throughout the test; and, the stack temperature was observed to reach above 2200°F on several occasions before testing began. These problems were probably the result of excess propane (Figure 5). In addition, the high temperatures precipitated other problems:

- a. low residence time and uncombusted material being blown out of the stack,
- b. increasing the possibility of the formation of dioxins and furans which are carcinogens, and
- c. a hole being burned through the refractory and incinerator wall.

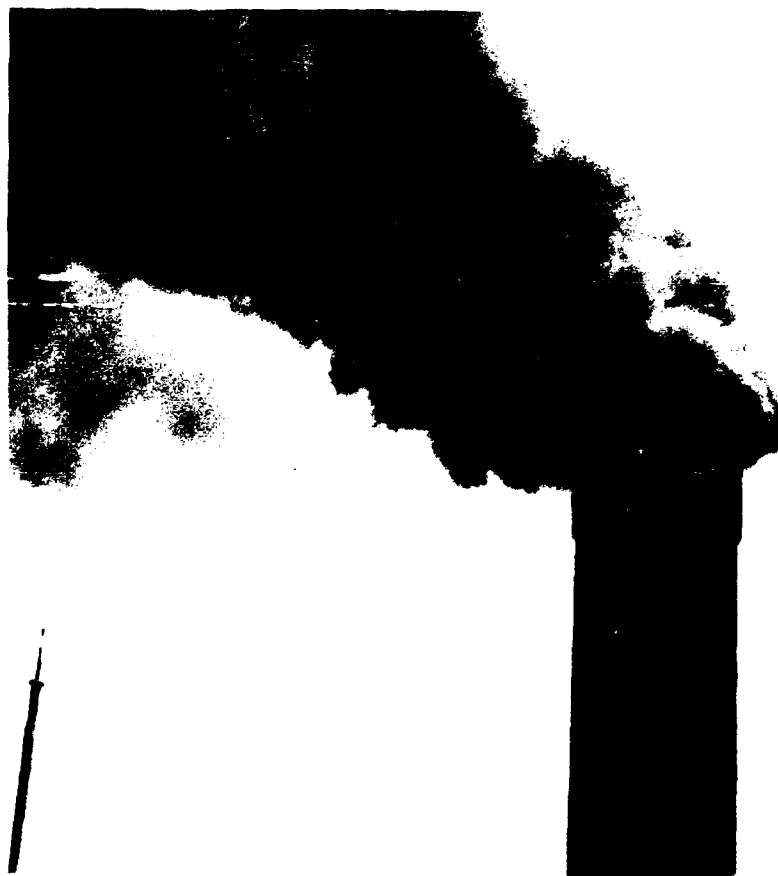


Figure 5. Visible Emission

2. During operation, fugitive emissions leaked from the incinerator door. This exposed the operator to potentially hazardous pollutants.

3. There were no devices for monitoring the primary and secondary chamber temperatures.

4. Although visible emissions met limits, opacity was greater than 40% during loading. The overloading of the incinerator resulted in reduced air circulation and high opacity readings.

The hospital incinerator is presently operating at a capacity that barely meets particulate emission limits. An increase in the incinerator workload will probably increase particulate emissions above the 0.3 gr/dscf limit and cause the visible emissions to exceed the 40% opacity limit (averaged over three minutes). Alternative methods of disposal of pathological waste should be investigated to meet the base's future needs. Two acceptable methods would be contract disposal or procurement of a new incinerator capable of handling the increased workload.

In the interim, the hole in the refractory and incinerator wall should be fixed and thermocouples installed on the primary and secondary chambers. The incinerator's operational components should also be checked, their operation verified, and the unit operated according to good engineering practices. Good engineering practices for pathological waste incinerators are:

1. primary chamber temperatures between 1000 - 1200°F,
2. secondary chamber temperatures between 1600 - 1800°F, and
3. residence time in the secondary chamber of 0.5 seconds.

IV. RECOMMENDATIONS

The pathological waste incinerator will not meet the hospital's future needs. A long term disposal method for pathological waste needs to be developed. AFOEHL will remain active in supporting the base's present and future needs.

REFERENCES

1. Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources, Title 40, Part 60, Code of Federal Regulations, July 1, 1984.
2. Quality Assurance Handbook for Air Pollution Measurement Systems- Volume III, Stationary Source Specific Methods, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA-600/4-77-027-b, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, April 1977.
3. Source Test Calculations and Check Programs for Hewlett-Packard 41 Calculators, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA-340/1-85-018, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, September 1985.
4. California Air Resources Board Method 421, Determination of Hydrochloric Acid Emissions from Stationary Sources, adopted 18 March 1987.

APPENDIX A
Personnel Information

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1. AFOEHL Test Team

Capt Paul Scott, Chief, Air Quality Function
Capt Ronald Vaughn, Consultant, Air Quality Engineer
Capt David Goldblum, Consultant, Environmental Quality
1Lt Charles Attebery, Consultant, Air Quality Engineer

AFOEHL/EQE
Brooks AFB TX 78235-5501

Phone: AUTOVON 240-2891
Commercial (512) 536-2891

2. Beale AFB on-site representatives

Capt Christopher Sherman, 9 Strat Hosp/SGPB
SSgt Maria Ares-Banez, 9 Strat Hosp/SGPB
Phone: AUTOVON 368-2635
Commercial (916) 634-2635

Mr Jack Wise
9 Strat Hosp/SGAL
Phone: AUTOVON 368-2328
Commercial (916) 634-2328

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APPENDIX B
State Regulations

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County of Yuba

Air Pollution Control District

DATE AUGUST 10, 1989

PERMIT

NO: BE-01-42

IS HEREBY GRANTED TO

UNITED STATES AIR FORCE - BEALE AIR FORCE BASE

TO OPERATE

SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS

SEE ATTACHED FOR SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:

This permit does not authorize the emission of air contaminants in excess of those allowed by the State of California or the Rules and Regulations of the Air Pollution Control District. This Permit expires one (1) year from date of issuance and must be renewed before the expiration date.

By *Bernard E. [Signature]*
Air Pollution Control Officer

938 14th Street
Marysville, California

REVOCABLE AND NOT TRANSFERABLE

BEALE AIR FORCE BASE PERMIT CONDITIONS

1. This permit is valid for one year from date of issue and must be renewed by permittee.
2. This permit does not guarantee that the equipment will comply with the "Rules and Regulations Governing Air Pollution Control in Yuba County" or any applicable state or federal regulations.
3. All equipment, including both process and pollution abatement equipment must be maintained in good working order at all times. In the absence of specific permit conditions to the contrary, the throughputs, fuel and material consumptions, capacities, and hours of operation described in the permit application will be considered maximum allowable limits.
4. The Air Pollution Control Office must be notified of any upset/breakdown or removal of air pollution equipment within 24-hours of such event(s).
5. Prior to adding a new emission source or making any modification to an existing source, permittee must first obtain an approved "Authorization to Construct" from the Yuba County Air Pollution Control Office.

REGULATION III

PROHIBITION - STATIONARY EMISSION SOURCES

Rule 3.0 Visible Emissions: As provided by Section 41701 of the California Health and Safety Code, a person shall not discharge into the atmosphere from any single source of emissions whatsoever, any air contaminants for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any one hour which is:

- a. As dark or darker in shade as that designated as No. 2 on the Ringlemen Chart, as published by the United States Bureau of Mines; or
- b. Of such opacity as to obscure an observers view to a degree equal to or greater than does smoke described in Subsection 'a' above.

Rule 3.1 Exceptions to Rule 3.0: In accordance with Section 41704 of the California Health and Safety Code, nothing in Rule 3.0 shall be construed to prohibit:

- a. Open burning as authorized un Rule 2.1;
- b. The use of orchard and citrus grove heaters which are in compliance with Rule 2.15;
- c. Emissions resulting from food preparation, heating or comfort fires in single or two-family dwellings, providing prohibited materials as outlined in Rule 2.9 of these Rules and Regulations, are not burned.
- d. Emissions from Tee Pee burners or from forestry/agricultural residue burners used to produce energy when such emissions result from start up or shut down of the process or from the malfunction of emission control equipment providing:
 - 1) These emissions shall not exceed a period or periods of time aggregating more than 30 minutes in any 24 hour period.
 - 2) The emissions do not result from the failure to operate and maintain in good working order any emission control equipment.
 - 3) Fuels used are forestry and/or agricultural residue with supplementary fossil fuels.

Rule 3.2 Particulate Matter Concentration: A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere from any source, except as allowed by Rule 3.1, section 'a' and 'c' of these Rules and Regulations, particulate matter in excess of 0.3 grains per cubic foot of gas at standard conditions.

When the source involves a combustion process, the concentration must be calculated to 12 per cent carbon dioxide (CO₂). In measuring the combustion contaminants from incinerators used to dispose of combustible refuse by burning the carbon dioxide (CO₂) produced by combustion of any liquid or gaseous fuels shall be excluded from the calculation to 12 percent of Carbon Dioxide (CO₂).

Rule 3.3

Dust and Fumes: A person shall not discharge in any one hour from any source whatsoever, except as provided by Rule 3.1, section 'a' and 'c' of these Rules and Regulations, dust or fumes in total quantities in excess of the amounts shown in the following table:

To use the following table, take the process weight per hour as such is defined in the attached definitions. Then find this figure on the table opposite which is the maximum number of pounds of contaminants which may be discharged into the atmosphere in any one hour. As an example: if "A" has a process which emits contaminants into the atmosphere and which process takes four (4) hours to complete, he will divide the weight of all materials in the specific process, in this example, 2,400 lbs., by '4', giving a process weight per hour of 600 lbs. The table shows that "A" may not discharge more than 1.83 lbs. in any one hour during the process. Interpolation of the data in the table for process weights up to 60,000 pounds/hour shall be accomplished by use of the equation:

$$E = 4.10 p^{0.67}$$

and interpolation and extrapolation of the data for process weight rates in excess of 60,000 pounds/hour shall be accomplished by use of the equation:

$$E = (55.0 p^{0.11}) - 40$$

E = Rate of emission in pounds/hour;

P = Process weight rate in ton/hour.

ALLOWABLE RATE OF EMISSION BASED ON
PROCESS WEIGHT RATE

Process Weight Rate		Rate of Emission	Process Weight Rate		Rate of Emission
Lb. Hr.	Ton Hr.	Lb. Hr.	Lb. Hr.	tons Hr.	Lb. Hr.
100	0.15	0.551	16,000	8.00	16.5
200	0.10	0.877	18,000	9.00	17.9
400	0.20	1.40	20,000	10.00	19.2
600	0.30	1.83	30,000	15.	25.2
800	0.40	2.22	40,000	20.	30.5
1,000	0.50	2.58	50,000	25.	35.4
1,500	0.75	3.38	60,000	30.	40.0
2,000	1.00	4.10	70,000	35.	41.3
2,500	1.25	4.70	80,000	40.	42.5
3,000	1.50	5.38	90,000	45.	43.8
3,500	1.75	5.96	100,000	50.	44.6
4,000	2.00	6.52	120,000	60.	46.3
5,000	2.50	7.58	140,000	70.	47.8
6,000	3.00	8.56	180,000	80.	49.0
7,000	3.50	9.49	200,000	100.	51.2
8,000	4.00	10.4	1,000,000	500.	69.0
9,000	4.50	11.2	2,000,000	1,000.	77.6
10,000	5.00	12.0	6,000,000	3,000.	92.7
12,000	6.00	13.6			

Table for Rule 3.3

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APPENDIX C

Field Data

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PARTICULATE SAMPLING DATA SHEET											
SCHEMATIC OF STACK CROSS SECTION				EQUATIONS			19/				
RUN NUMBER	0512			AMBIENT TEMP			76				
DATE	30 Aug 29			STATION PRESS			27.65				
PLANT	Hosp Incinerator			HEATER BOX TEMP			OF				
BASE	Beale			PROBE HEATER SETTING			OF				
SAMPLE BOX NUMBER	012			PROBE LENGTH			8				
METER BOX NUMBER	two			NOZZLE AREA (A)			in				
Qw/Qm				Cp			sq ft				
Co				DRY GAS FRACTION (Fd)							
				$^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F_d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$			<p>Pie Pitot checks good</p> <p>Pie Leak good 15.44</p> <p>Post Leak good 15.44</p> <p>Mid = 29</p> <p>RS = 0.65</p>				
TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (min)	STATIC PRESSURE (in H ₂ O)	STACK TEMP (°F)	STACK TEMP (°R)	VELOCITY HEAD (Vp)	ORIFICE DIFF. PRESS. (in)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (cu ft)	GAS METER TEMP (°R)	SAMPLE BOX TEMP (°F)	IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP (°F)	
1	0	2.0	1986		.02	1.30	745.75	71	225	68	
2	5	2.0	1356		.02	1.20		71	249	68	
3	10	2.0	1316		.03	1.65		72	224	68	
4	15	2.5	1731		.03	2.52		75	247	68	
5	20	2.5	1703		.03	2.56		76	245	68	
6	25	2.5	1685		.04	2.07		77	256	67	
7	30										
8											
9											
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30											
<p> $T_m = 83$ $T_s = 1457$ $\Delta H = 198$ $1985 = 7.9409$ </p>				<p> 788.495 $101 = 42.15$ </p>							

AIR POLLUTION PARTICULATE ANALYTICAL DATA

BASE <i>Bell AFB</i>	DATE <i>30 Aug 1979</i>	RUN NUMBER
BUILDING NUMBER <i>HOSPITAL</i>	SOURCE NUMBER <i>Run 1</i>	

I. PARTICULATES			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT PARTICLES (gm)
FILTER NUMBER	<i>0.4167</i>	<i>0.2939</i>	<i>0.1228</i>
ACETONE WASHINGS (Probe, Front Half Filter)	<i>93.8744</i>	<i>93.7504</i>	<i>0.1240</i>
BACK HALF (if needed)			
Total Weight of Particulates Collected			<i>0.2368 gm</i>

II. WATER			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT WATER (gm)
IMPINGER 1 (H ₂ O)	<i>252.5</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>52.5</i>
IMPINGER 2 (H ₂ O)	<i>225.0</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>25.0</i>
IMPINGER 3 (Dry)	<i>2.0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>2.0</i>
IMPINGER 4 (Silica Gel)	<i>217.5</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>17.5</i>
Total Weight of Water Collected			<i>97.0 gm</i>

III. GASES (Dry)					
ITEM	ANALYSIS 1	ANALYSIS 2	ANALYSIS 3	ANALYSIS 4	AVERAGE
VOL % CO ₂	<i>7.2</i>	<i>7.2</i>	<i>7.4</i>	<i>—</i>	<i>7.2</i>
VOL % O ₂	<i>9.8</i>	<i>10.0</i>	<i>10.0</i>	<i>—</i>	<i>10.0</i>
VOL % CO					
VOL % N ₂					

$$\text{Vol \% N}_2 = (100\% - \% \text{CO}_2 - \% \text{O}_2 - \% \text{CO})$$

171

RUN NUMBER	Two		<p> $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F_d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$ </p> <p> $^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ </p>	<p>EQUATIONS</p>	<p> $^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ </p>	<p> $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F_d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$ </p>	<p> $^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ </p>
DATE	30 Aug 09				<p> $^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ </p>	<p> $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F_d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$ </p>	<p> $^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ </p>
PLANT	Process Air Waste				<p> $^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ </p>	<p> $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F_d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$ </p>	<p> $^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ </p>
BASE	Beale				<p> $^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ </p>	<p> $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F_d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$ </p>	<p> $^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ </p>
SAMPLE BOX NUMBER					<p> $^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ </p>	<p> $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F_d \cdot C_p \cdot A}{C_o} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{T_m}{T_s} \cdot V_p$ </p>	<p> $^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$ </p>
METER BOX NUMBER	2						
Qw/Qm							
Co							

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (min)	STATIC PRESSURE (in H ₂ O)	STACK TEMP		VELOCITY HEAD (Vp)	ORIFICE DIFF. (in)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (cu ft)	GAS METER TEMP			SAMPLE BOX TEMP (°F)	IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP (°F)
			(°F)	(°F)				IN (°F)	AVG (T _m) (°F)	OUT (°F)		
A 1	0	3	111		.02	1.59	798.405	88		83	226	67
2	5	3	1152		.04	2.72		91		86	241	66
3	10	4	1242		.05	3.22		92		86	247	69
4	15	6	1466		.05	2.83		96		87	246	67
5	20	18	1684		.07	3.53		97		87	246	68
6	25	18	1641		.06	3.07		97		88	247	68
	30	stop										
B 1	0	12.0	1220		.02	1.29	811.890	87		86	255	69
2	5	17.5	1229		.035	2.27		91		87	258	66
3	10	19.0	1285		.040	2.51		93		87	261	67
4	15	20.0	1402		.040	2.36		93		87	263	68
5	20	20.0	1550		.040	2.19		91		87	264	68
6	25	20.5	1580		.040	2.14	833.713	91		87	263	68
	30											
		T _M = 89		ΔT = 2.47			45.310					
		T _S = 1385		ΔT _{MS} = 8.7347								

AIR POLLUTION PARTICULATE ANALYTICAL DATA

BASE <i>BEALE HFR</i>	DATE <i>30 AUG 1977</i>	RUN NUMBER
--------------------------	----------------------------	------------

BUILDING NUMBER <i>HOSPITAL</i>	SOURCE NUMBER <i>TWOO</i>
------------------------------------	------------------------------

I. PARTICULATES			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT PARTICLES (gm)
FILTER NUMBER	<i>0.5301</i>	<i>.2858</i>	<i>2.2471</i>
ACETONE WASHINGS (Probe, Front Half Filter)	<i>119.7367</i>	<i>110.5330</i>	<i>.2047</i>
BACK HALF (If needed)			<i>0</i>
Total Weight of Particulates Collected			<i>0.4493 gm</i>

II. WATER			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT WATER (gm)
IMPINGER 1 (H2O)	<i>227.0</i>	<i>200.0</i>	<i>27.0</i>
IMPINGER 2 (H2O)	<i>226.4</i>	<i>200.0</i>	<i>26.4</i>
IMPINGER 3 (Dry)	<i>7.6</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>7.6</i>
IMPINGER 4 (Silica Gel)	<i>221.0</i>	<i>200.0</i>	<i>21.0</i>
Total Weight of Water Collected			<i>84.0 gm</i>

III. GASES (Dry)					
ITEM	ANALYSIS 1	ANALYSIS 2	ANALYSIS 3	ANALYSIS 4	AVERAGE
VOL % CO ₂	<i>7.4</i>	<i>7.4</i>	<i>7.4</i>	<i>—</i>	<i>7.4</i>
VOL % O ₂	<i>7.8</i>	<i>7.8</i>	<i>7.8</i>	<i>—</i>	<i>7.8</i>
VOL % CO					
VOL % N ₂					

$$\text{Vol \% N}_2 = (100 - \% \text{CO}_2 - \% \text{O}_2 - \% \text{CO})$$

PARTICULATE SAMPLING DATA SHEET											
EQUATIONS											
$OR = OF + 460$ $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot Fd \cdot Cp \cdot A}{Co} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{Tm}{Ts} \cdot Vp$											
Pre Pilot - good Pre Leach at 18 in. Hg - good Or = 10 Co = 7.3 AWP = 27 APS = 30.65											
SCHEMATIC OF STACK CROSS SECTION											
TRaverse POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (min)	STATIC PRESSURE (in H2O)	STACK TEMP		VELOCITY HEAD (Vp)	ORIFICE DIFF. PRESS. (H)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (cu ft)	GAS METER TEMP		SAMPLE BOX TEMP (OF)	IMPING OUTLET TEMP (OF)
			(OF)	(TS) (OR)				IN (OF)	AVG (Tm) (OR)		
A1	0	2	1098		.02	1.40	834.945	90		774	67
A2	5	18	1245		.03	1.94		93		230	67
A3	10	21	1332		.03	3.08		97		243	68
A4	15	21	1472		.03	2.86		97		238	68
A5	20	21	1466		.03	2.87		98		241	68
A6	25	21	1594		.03	2.69	855.364	99		241	68
	30569					int. leak check at 22 in. Hg					
B1	0	2	1014		.02	1.50	856.1305	95		240	68
B2	5	3	1288		.03	1.90		97		238	68
B3	10	3	1368		.03	2.13		102		238	68
B4	15	14	1516		.04	2.26		103		241	68
B5	20	15	1611		.04	2.29		103		240	68
B6	25	15	1613		.05	2.69	879.521	104		240	68
						int. leak check at 22 in. Hg					
						AWP = 27.30	43.635 ft				
						APS = 30.65					

AIR POLLUTION PARTICULATE ANALYTICAL DATA

BASE BEALE AFB	DATE 30 AUG 1987	RUN NUMBER
--------------------------	----------------------------	------------

BUILDING NUMBER HOSPITAL	SOURCE NUMBER THREE
------------------------------------	-------------------------------

I. PARTICULATES			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT PARTICLES (gm)
FILTER NUMBER 3.2	0.5571	2.858	0.2413
3.1	0.5682	2.881	0.5301
ACETONE WASHINGS (Probe, Front Half Filter)			
	100.777	100.101	0.626
BACK HALF (if needed)			0
Total Weight of Particulates Collected			0.6750 gm

II. WATER			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT WATER (gm)
IMPINGER 1 (H2O)	265.5	200.0	65.5
IMPINGER 2 (H2O)	220.5	200.0	20.5
IMPINGER 3 (Dry)	3.2	0	3.2
IMPINGER 4 (Silica Gel)	221.0	200.0	21.0
Total Weight of Water Collected			110.2 gm

III. GASES (Dry)					
ITEM	ANALYSIS 1	ANALYSIS 2	ANALYSIS 3	ANALYSIS 4	AVERAGE
VOL % CO ₂	8.6	8.4	8.4	—	8.4
VOL % O ₂	8.4	8.4	8.2	—	8.4
VOL % CO					
VOL % N ₂					

$$\text{Vol \% N}_2 = (100\% - \% \text{CO}_2 - \% \text{O}_2 - \% \text{CO})$$

(Stack Geometry)

BASE	PLANT	
DATE 29 Aug 89	SAMPLING TEAM DEHL	
SOURCE TYPE AND MAKE 2 chamber Type 4 Incinerator		
SOURCE NUMBER —	INSIDE STACK DIAMETER 14" Inches	
RELATED CAPACITY 100 lbs/hr	TYPE FUEL propane	
DISTANCE FROM OUTSIDE OF NIPPLE TO INSIDE DIAMETER 0 Inches		
NUMBER OF TRAVERSES 2	NUMBER OF POINTS/TRAVERSE 6	

LOCATION OF SAMPLING POINTS ALONG TRAVERSE

[illegible]

PRELIMINARY SURVEY DATA SHEET NO. 2

(Velocity and Temperature Traverses)

BASE		DATE	
BOILER NUMBER			
INSIDE STACK DIAMETER			
STATION PRESSURE		Inches	
29.65			
STACK STATIC PRESSURE		In Hg	
-0.065		17.5 H ₂ O	
SAMPLING TEAM			
TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	VELOCITY HEAD, V _p IN H ₂ O	$\sqrt{V_p} \times L$	STACK TEMPERATURE (°F)
1	.02	0	1800
2	.02	5	1800
3	.025	6	1884
4	.03	8	1884
5	.05	1	1885
6	.04	3	1886
		FDS = 20	
		T = 1857	
		71.6 °	
AVERAGE			

VISIBLE EMISSION OBSERVATION FORM

No. 3

COMPANY NAME USAF		
STREET ADDRESS BEALE AFB		
CITY Yuba City	STATE CA	ZIP
PHONE (KEY CONTACT) Capt Chris Sherman	SOURCE ID NUMBER	

PROCESS EQUIPMENT Pathological Incinerator	OPERATING MODE High Fuel
CONTROL EQUIPMENT NONE	OPERATING MODE

DESCRIBE EMISSION POINT STACK extending 10' FROM TOP OF RIF	
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL 30'	HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER Start 30' End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DISTANCE FROM OBSERVER Start 100' End 2	DIRECTION FROM OBSERVER Start NNE End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

DESCRIBE EMISSIONS Start Clear billowing End	
EMISSION COLOR Start Clear End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	IF WATER DROPLET PLUME Attached <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Detached <input type="checkbox"/>
POINT IN THE PLUME AT WHICH OPACITY WAS DETERMINED Start 0-5' End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

DESCRIBE PLUME BACKGROUND Start sky End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
BACKGROUND COLOR Start Blue End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SKY CONDITIONS Start Clear End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
WIND SPEED Start 0-5 mph End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WIND DIRECTION Start SE End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
AMBIENT TEMP Start 85 End	WET BULB TEMP 30

Stack with Plume

Sun

Wind

SOURCE LAYOUT SKETCH

Draw North Arrow

OBSERVATION DATE				START TIME	END TIME
30 AUG 89				1321	1333
SEC MIN	0	15	30	45	COMMENTS
1	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	ADDED FUEL
5	0	0	0	60	
6	55	55	50	50	
7	50	40	40	30	
8	20	25	25	20	
9	15	10	5	5	
10	0	0	0	0	
11	0	0	0	0	
12	0	0	0	0	
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					

OBSERVER'S NAME (PRINT) CHARLES W ATTIEBERT	
OBSERVER'S SIGNATURE <i>Charles W. Attiebert</i>	DATE 30 Aug 87
ORGANIZATION AFCLH/EE	
CERTIFIED BY TEXAS Air Control Board	DATE 17 Feb 87

VISIBLE EMISSION OBSERVATION FORM





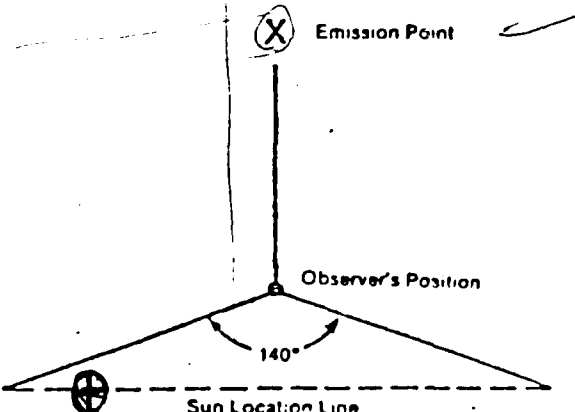
No. 2

COMPANY NAME BEALE AFB CLINIC		
STREET ADDRESS BEALE AFB		
CITY Yuba City	STATE TX	ZIP
PHONE (KEY CONTACT) Capt. Chris Sherman	SOURCE ID NUMBER	
PROCESS EQUIPMENT Pathological Incubator		OPERATING MODE High Fire
CONTROL EQUIPMENT None		OPERATING MODE

DESCRIBE EMISSION POINT Stack extending 10' from TOP of building	
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL 30'	HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER Start 6' End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DISTANCE FROM OBSERVER Start 20' End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DIRECTION FROM OBSERVER Start W End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

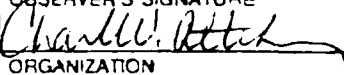
DESCRIBE EMISSIONS Start Clear lifting End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
EMISSION COLOR Start Clear End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	IF WATER DROPLET PLUME Attached <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Detached <input type="checkbox"/>
POINT IN THE PLUME AT WHICH OPACITY WAS DETERMINED Start 0-5' End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

DESCRIBE PLUME BACKGROUND Start sky End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
BACKGROUND COLOR Start Blue End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SKY CONDITIONS Start Clear End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
WIND SPEED Start 0-5 mph End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WIND DIRECTION Start S End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
AMBIENT TEMP Start 80 End <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WET BULB TEMP 30

Stack with Plume  Sun  Wind 	SOURCE LAYOUT SKETCH Draw North Arrow  
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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

OBSERVATION DATE 30 AUG 89		START TIME 1130		END TIME 1138	
SEC	0	15	30	45	COMMENTS
MIN					
1	0	5	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	
4	0	5	5	5	
5	0	0	5	0	
6	0	0	0	0	
7	0	5	0	0	
8	0	0	0	0	
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					

OBSERVER'S NAME (PRINT) CHARLES W ATTEBORY		DATE 30 AUG 89
OBSERVER'S SIGNATURE 		
ORGANIZATION AFCOHL/CQE		
CERTIFIED BY Texas Air Control Board		DATE 12/1/89

VISIBLE EMISSION OBSERVATION FORM

No. 1





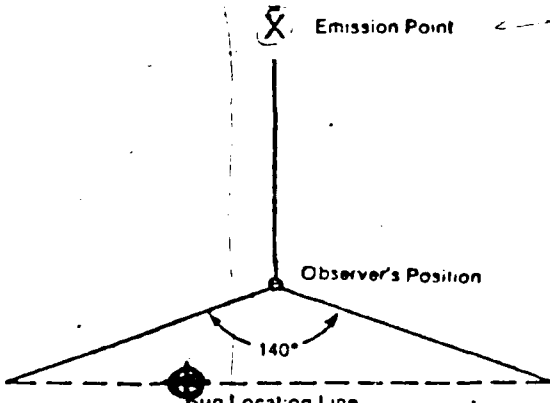
COMPANY NAME Bottle AFB CLINIC		
STREET ADDRESS BOTTLE AFB		
CITY Yuba City	STATE CA	ZIP
PHONE (KEY CONTACT) CHT CHRIS SHERMAN	SOURCE ID NUMBER	

PROCESS EQUIPMENT PATHOLOGICAL INCINERATOR	OPERATING MODE HIGH FIRE
CONTROL EQUIPMENT NONE	OPERATING MODE

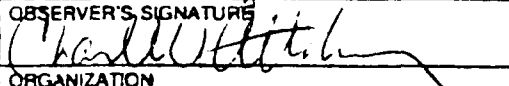
DESCRIBE EMISSION POINT STACK EXTENDING 10' FROM TOP OF BUILDING	
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL 30'	HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER Start 6' End 6'
DISTANCE FROM OBSERVER Start 20' End 20'	DIRECTION FROM OBSERVER Start W End ✓

DESCRIBE EMISSIONS Start CLEAR / HEAT End ✓	
EMISSION COLOR Start CLEAR End ✓	IF WATER DROPLET PLUME Attached <input type="checkbox"/> N/A Detached <input type="checkbox"/>
POINT IN THE PLUME AT WHICH OPACITY WAS DETERMINED Start 0-5' End ✓	

DESCRIBE PLUME BACKGROUND Start sky End ✓	
BACKGROUND COLOR Start BLUE End ✓	SKY CONDITIONS Start CLEAR End ✓
WIND SPEED Start 0-5 mph End ✓	WIND DIRECTION Start SOUTH End ✓
AMBIENT TEMP Start 75 End ✓	WET BULB TEMP 30

Stack with Plume  Sun  Wind 	SOURCE LAYOUT SKETCH Draw North Arrow  
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OBSERVATION DATE				START TIME	END TIME
30 Aug 89				0430	0938
SEC MIN	0	15	30	45	COMMENTS
1	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	5	0	
5	0	0	0	0	
6	0	5	0	0	
7	0	5	5	5	
8	0	0	0	0	
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					

OBSERVER'S NAME (PRINT) CHARLES W. ATRBERT	DATE 30 Aug 89
OBSERVER'S SIGNATURE 	
ORGANIZATION USAF OCCUPATIONAL & ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH	
CERTIFIED BY TEXAS AIR CONTROL BOARD	DATE 17 MAR 89

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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APPENDIX D
Calibration Data

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METER BOX CALIBRATION DATA AND CALCULATION FORM

(English units)

Date 21 Nov 88

Meter box number Natch #2

Barometric pressure, $P_b = 30.02$ in. Hg Calibrated by Scott & Vaughn

VAC

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

Orifice manometer setting (ΔH), in. H ₂ O	Gas volume		Temperature				Time (θ), min	Y _i	$\Delta H \theta$ in. H ₂ O
	Wet test meter (V _w), ft ³	Dry gas meter (V _d), ft ³	Wet test meter (t _w), °F	Dry gas meter					
				Inlet (t _{d_i}), °F	Outlet (t _{d_o}), °F	Avg ^a (t _d), °F			
0.5	5	5.057	75 535	77 82	75 77	537.75	12.40	0.9926	1.73
1.0	5	5.031	76 536	81 89	77 80	542.5	9.14	1.0034	1.87
1.5	10	10.101	77 537	90 96	81 84	547.75	15.35	1.0061	1.97
2.0	10	10.230	78 538	97 99	85 87	552.0	13.45	0.9981	2.00
3.0	10	10.170	78 538	100 103	87 89	554.75	10.92	1.0065	1.97
4.0	10	10.191	78 538	105 105	87 91	557.0	9.35	1.0061	1.92
							Avg	1.002	1.91

ΔH , in. H ₂ O	$\frac{\Delta H}{13.6}$	$Y_i = \frac{V_w P_b (t_d + 460)}{V_d (P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}) (t + 460)}$	$\Delta H \theta_i = \frac{0.0317 \Delta H}{P_b (t_d + 460)} \left[\frac{(t_w + 460) \theta}{V_w} \right]^2$
0.5	0.0368	$\frac{(5)(30.02)(537.75)}{5.057(30.02 + \frac{0.5}{13.6})(535)}$	$\frac{(0.0317)(0.5)}{(30.02)(537.75)} \left[\frac{(535)(12.4)}{5} \right]^2$
1.0	0.0737	$\frac{(5)(30.02)(542.5)}{5.031(30.02 + \frac{1.0}{13.6})(536)}$	$\frac{(0.0317)(1.0)}{(30.02)(542.5)} \left[\frac{(536)(9.14)}{5} \right]^2$
1.5	0.110	$\frac{(10)(30.02)(547.75)}{10.101(30.02 + \frac{1.5}{13.6})(537)}$	$\frac{(0.0317)(1.5)}{(30.02)(547.75)} \left[\frac{(537)(15.35)}{10} \right]^2$
2.0	0.147	$\frac{(10)(30.02)(552)}{10.230(30.02 + \frac{2.0}{13.6})(538)}$	$\frac{(0.0317)(2.0)}{(30.02)(552)} \left[\frac{(538)(13.45)}{10} \right]^2$
3.0	0.221	$\frac{(10)(30.02)(554.75)}{10.170(30.02 + \frac{3.0}{13.6})(538)}$	$\frac{(0.0317)(3.0)}{(30.02)(554.75)} \left[\frac{(538)(10.92)}{10} \right]^2$
4.0	0.294	$\frac{(10)(30.02)(557)}{10.191(30.02 + \frac{4.0}{13.6})(538)}$	$\frac{(0.0317)(4.0)}{(30.02)(557)} \left[\frac{(538)(9.35)}{10} \right]^2$

^a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d .

POSTTEST DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION DATA FORM (English units)

Ve Beale AFB

Test number One

Date 23 Jun 89

Meter box number

Nutech 2

Post Plant

Clearfield

Barometric pressure, $P_b = 29.123$ in. Hg

Dry gas meter number

Pretest Y 1.002

Orifice manometer setting, (ΔH), in. H_2O	Gas volume		Temperature			Time (Θ), min	Vacuum setting, in. Hg	Y_i	Y_i $V_w P_b (t_d + 460)$ $V_d (P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6})(t_w + 460)$
	Wet test meter (V_w), ft^3	Dry gas meter (V_d), ft^3	Wet test meter (t_w), of	Dry gas meter					
				Inlet ($t_{d,i}$), of	Outlet ($t_{d,o}$), of Average (t_d), of				
1.4	10	10.212	80 540	87 550	85 545	547.5	4.0	0.991	$10.212 (21.3) (547.5) = 540$
1.4	10	10.223	81 541	83 554	83 546	550	4.0	0.991	$10.223 (21.3) (550) = 541$
1.4	10	10.347	81 541	83 555	83 547.5	551.5	4.0	0.993	$10.347 (21.3) (551.5) = 551.5$
								$Y = .991$	

^a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d

where

V_w = Gas volume passing through the wet test meter, ft^3 .

V_d = Gas volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft^3 .

t_w = Temperature of the gas in the wet test meter, $^{\circ}F$.

t_{di} = Temperature of the inlet gas of the dry gas meter, $^{\circ}F$.

t_{do} = Temperature of the outlet gas of the dry gas meter, $^{\circ}F$.

t_d = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, obtained by the average of t_{di} and t_{do} , $^{\circ}F$.

ΔH = Pressure differential across orifice, in. H_2O .

Y_i = Ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for each run.

Y = Average ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for all three runs; tolerance = pretest $Y \pm 0.05Y$.

P_b = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.

Θ = Time of calibration run, min.

Quality Assurance Handbook M4-2.4A

METER BOX CALIBRATION DATA AND CALCULATION FORM

(English units)

Post Beale AFB

Date 28 Sept 89

Meter box number Nutech 2

Barometric pressure, $P_b =$ 29.82 in. Hg Calibrated by Scott & Vaughan

Orifice manometer setting (ΔH), in. H_2O	Gas volume		Temperature				Time (θ), min	y_i	ΔH_{e_i} in. H_2O
	Wet test meter (V_w), ft ³	Dry gas meter (V_d), ft ³	Wet test meter (t_w), °F R	Dry gas meter					
				Inlet (t_{d_i}), °F R	Outlet (t_{d_o}), °F R	Avg ^a (t_d), °F R			
IAC									
0.5	5	5.060	78 78 538	77 84 541.5	77 79 538	539.8	12.9	0.990	1.897
1.0	5	5.060	79 79 539	87 91 549	80 81 540.5	544.8	9.7	0.996	1.837 1.840
1.5	10	10.150	86 79 539.5	86 88 557	86 87 546.5	551.8	15.2	1.004	1.943
2.0	10	10.195	77 77 539	85 101 559	87 89 549	553.5	13.2	1.002	1.944
3.0	10	10.155	79 87 539.5	101 562.5	90 91 550.5	556.5	10.7	1.008	1.910
4.0	10	10.025 10.139	80 77 538.5	80 89 544.5	74 77 535.5	540	10.0	0.991	2.283
							Avg	0.999	1.969

ΔH , in. H_2O	$\frac{\Delta H}{13.6}$	$y_i = \frac{V_w P_b (t_d + 460)}{V_d (P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}) (t_w + 460)}$	$\Delta H_{e_i} = \frac{0.0317 \Delta H}{P_b (t_d + 460)} \left[\frac{(t_w + 460) e}{V_w} \right]^2$
0.5	0.0368	$y_1 = \frac{(5)(29.82)(539.8)}{(5.06)(29.82 + \frac{0.0368}{13.6})(538)}$	$H_{e1} = \frac{(0.0317)(0.5)}{(29.82)(539.8)} \left[\frac{(538)(12.9)}{5} \right]^2$
1.0	0.0737	$y_2 = \frac{(5)(29.82)(544.8)}{(5.06)(29.82 + \frac{0.0737}{13.6})(539)}$	$H_{e2} = \frac{(0.0317)(1)}{(29.82)(544.8)} \left[\frac{(539)(9.7)}{5} \right]^2$
1.5	0.110	$y_3 = \frac{(10)(29.82)(551.8)}{(10.15)(29.82 + \frac{0.110}{13.6})(539.5)}$	$H_{e3} = \frac{(0.0317)(1.5)}{(29.82)(551.8)} \left[\frac{(539.5)(15.2)}{10} \right]^2$
2.0	0.147	$y_4 = \frac{(10)(29.82)(553.5)}{(10.195)(29.82 + \frac{0.147}{13.6})(539)}$	$H_{e4} = \frac{(0.0317)(2.0)}{(29.82)(553.5)} \left[\frac{(539)(13.2)}{10} \right]^2$
3.0	0.221	$y_5 = \frac{(10)(29.82)(556.5)}{(10.155)(29.82 + \frac{0.221}{13.6})(539.5)}$	$H_{e5} = \frac{(0.0317)(3.0)}{(29.82)(556.5)} \left[\frac{(539.5)(10.7)}{10} \right]^2$
4.0	0.294	$y_6 = \frac{(10)(29.82)(540)}{(10.025)(29.82 + \frac{0.294}{13.6})(538.5)}$	$H_{e6} = \frac{(0.0317)(4.0)}{(29.82)(540)} \left[\frac{(538.5)(10.0)}{10} \right]^2$

^a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d .

$$y_{\text{range}} = 1.0521 \longleftrightarrow 0.9519$$

Quality Assurance Handbook M4-2.3A (front side)

STACK TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION DATA FORM

Date 19²⁰/OCT 88 Thermocouple number DI IMPINGER
 Ambient temperature 26 °C Barometric pressure 29.232/29.175 in. Hg
 Calibrator GARRISON/SCOTT Reference: mercury-in-glass NBS
 other _____

Reference point number ^a	Source ^b (specify)	Reference thermometer temperature, °C	Thermocouple potentiometer temperature, °C	Temperature difference, °C ^c % °C *
0	ICE BATH	0	0	—
—	ROOM TEMP	25.5	26.1	0.6

^a Every 30°C (50°F) for each reference point.

^b Type of calibration system used.

^c $\left[\frac{(\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273) - (\text{test thermom temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273)}{\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273} \right] 100 \leq 1.5\%$

* MUST BE WITHIN 1°C OF REF

Quality Assurance Handbook M2-2.10

STACK TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION DATA FORM

Date 19³⁰ OCT 88 Thermocouple number IMPINGER D2
 Ambient temperature 26° °C Barometric pressure 29.232/29.175 in. Hg
 Calibrator GARRISON/SCOTT Reference: mercury-in-glass NBS other

Reference point number ^a	Source ^b (specify)	Reference thermometer temperature, °C	Thermocouple potentiometer temperature, °C	Temperature difference, °C ^c % °C *
0	ICE BATH	0	0	—
—	ROOM TEMP	26.0	26.6	0.6

^aEvery 30°C (50°F) for each reference point.

^bType of calibration system used.

^c
$$\left[\frac{(\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273) - (\text{test thermom temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273)}{\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273} \right] 100 \leq 1.5\%$$

* MUST BE WITHIN 1°C OF REF

Quality Assurance Handbook M2-2.10

STACK TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION DATA FORM

IMPINGER

Date 19/10/88 Thermocouple number D3

Ambient temperature 26 °C Barometric pressure 29.2321 in. Hg

Calibrator GARRISON/SCOTT Reference: mercury-in-glass NBS
other _____

Reference point number ^a	Source ^b (specify)	Reference thermometer temperature, °C	Thermocouple potentiometer temperature, °C	Temperature difference, °C ^c
C	ICE BATH	0	0.6	0.6
—	ROOM TEMP	25.8	25.6	0.2

^a Every 30°C (50°F) for each reference point.

^b Type of calibration system used.

^c
$$\left[\frac{(\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273) - (\text{test thermom temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273)}{\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273} \right] 100 \leq 1.5\%$$

* MUST BE WITHIN 1°C OF REF

Quality Assurance Handbook M2-2.10

STACK TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION DATA FORM

IMPINGER

Date 19/10/88 Thermocouple number D4

Ambient temperature 26 °C Barometric pressure 29.732 in. Hg

Calibrator GARRISON/SCOTT Reference: mercury-in-glass NBS
other

Reference point number ^a	Source ^b (specify)	Reference thermometer temperature, °C	Thermocouple potentiometer temperature, °C	Temperature difference, °C ^c % °C *
0	ICE BATH	0	0.6	0.6
-	ROOM TEMP	25.5	25.6	0.1

^a Every 30°C (50°F) for each reference point.

^b Type of calibration system used.

^c $\left[\frac{(\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273) - (\text{test thermom temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273)}{\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273} \right] 100 \leq 1.5\%$

* MUST BE WITHIN 1°C OF REF

Quality Assurance Handbook M2-2.10

STACK SENSOR CALIBRATION: 19-20 Oct 88

SENSOR #	REFERENCE TEMPERATURE (deg K) X axis	TEST TEMPERATURE (deg K) Y axis
-------------	---	--

P1	273.30	273.60
	371.90	373.60
	447.00	450.20

Regression Output:

Constant	-4.30
Std Err of Y Est	0.20
R Squared	1.00
No. of Observations	3.00
Degrees of Freedom	1.00

X Coefficient(s)	1.02
Std Err of Coef.	0.00

% Deviation @ 2000 F(1093.3 K) = 1.29%

P2	273.30	273.60
	371.80	373.60
	447.60	450.80

Regression Output:

Constant	-4.27
Std Err of Y Est	0.11
R Squared	1.00
No. of Observations	3.00
Degrees of Freedom	1.00

X Coefficient(s)	1.02
Std Err of Coef.	0.00

% Deviation @ 2000 F(1093.3 K) = 1.25%

P3	273.30	274.10
	371.90	374.10
	447.60	450.80

Regression Output:

Constant	-2.96
Std Err of Y Est	0.03
R Squared	1.00
No. of Observations	3.00
Degrees of Freedom	1.00

X Coefficient(s)	1.01
Std Err of Coef.	0.00

% Deviation @ 2000 F(1093.3 K) = 1.11%

P4	273.30	273.60
	371.80	373.60
	447.60	450.80

Regression Output:

Constant	-4.27
Std Err of Y Est	0.11
R Squared	1.00
No. of Observations	3.00
Degrees of Freedom	1.00

X Coefficient(s)	1.02
Std Err of Coef.	0.00

% Deviation @ 2000 F(1093.3 K) = 1.27%

P5	273.30	274.10	Regression Output:	
	371.90	373.60	Constant	-3.03
	447.60	450.80	Std Err of Y Est	0.37
			R Squared	1.00
			No. of Observations	3.00
			Degrees of Freedom	1.00
			X Coefficient(s)	1.01
			Std Err of Coef.	0.00
			% Deviation @ 2000 F(1093.3 K) = 1.08%	

P6	273.30	273.30	Regression Output:	
	371.90	373.60	Constant	-5.03
	447.60	450.80	Std Err of Y Est	0.09
			R Squared	1.00
			No. of Observations	3.00
			Degrees of Freedom	1.00
			X Coefficient(s)	1.02
			Std Err of Coef.	0.00
			% Deviation @ 2000 F(1093.3 K) = 1.37%	

P7	273.30	273.30	Regression Output:	
	371.90	373.60	Constant	-5.03
	447.60	450.80	Std Err of Y Est	0.09
			R Squared	1.00
			No. of Observations	3.00
			Degrees of Freedom	1.00
			X Coefficient(s)	1.02
			Std Err of Coef.	0.00
			% Deviation @ 2000 F(1093.3 K) = 1.37%	

P8	273.60	273.60	Regression Output:	
	371.80	373.00	Constant	-4.75
	449.40	452.40	Std Err of Y Est	0.39
			R Squared	1.00
			No. of Observations	3.00
			Degrees of Freedom	1.00
			X Coefficient(s)	1.02
			Std Err of Coef.	0.00
			% Deviation @ 2000 F(1093.3 K) = 1.25%	

TYPE S PITOT TUBE INSPECTION DATA FORM

#8A

Pitot tube assembly level? ✓ yes no

Pitot tube openings damaged? yes (explain below) ✓ no

$\alpha_1 = \underline{1}^\circ (<10^\circ)$, $\alpha_2 = \underline{2}^\circ (<10^\circ)$, $\beta_1 = \underline{\phi}^\circ (<5^\circ)$,

$\beta_2 = \underline{2}^\circ (<5^\circ)$

$\gamma = \underline{1}^\circ$, $\theta = \underline{1}^\circ$, $A = \underline{15/16} \text{ cm (in.)}$ ^(0.938)

$z = A \sin \gamma = \underline{0.0164} \text{ cm (in.)}$; ^{0.1250} $<0.32 \text{ cm (<1/8 in.)}$,

$w = A \sin \theta = \underline{0.0164} \text{ cm (in.)}$; $<.08 \text{ cm (<1/32 in.)}$

$P_A \underline{15/32 (0.469)} \text{ cm (in.)}$ ^{0.0313} $P_B \underline{15/32 (0.469)} \text{ cm (in.)}$

$D_t = \underline{3/8 (.375)} \text{ cm (in.)}$

Comments: CONSTRUCTED IAW 40CFR60, APP A, METH 2,
FIG 2.2 ASSIGNED BASELINE COEFFICIENT = 0.84

Calibration required? yes ✓ no

Quality Assurance Handbook M2-1.7

NOZZLE CALIBRATION DATA FORM

Date 30 Aug 89

Calibrated by Sub

Nozzle identification number	Nozzle Diameter ^a			ΔD ^b mm (in.)	D_{avg} ^c
	D_1 mm (in.)	D_2 mm (in.)	D_3 mm (in.)		
7	.653	.654	.654	.001	.654

where:

^a $D_{1,2,3}$ = three different nozzles diameters, mm (in.); each diameter must be within (0.025 mm) 0.001 in.

^b ΔD = maximum difference between any two diameters, mm (in.),
 $\Delta D \leq (0.10 \text{ mm}) 0.004 \text{ in.}$

^c D_{avg} = average of D_1 , D_2 , and D_3 .

Quality Assurance Handbook M5-2.6

STACK TEMPERATURE SENSOR CALIBRATION DATA FORM

NOTECH #2

Date 3 JAN 89

Thermocouple number INLET/OUTLET

Ambient temperature 26 °C Barometric pressure _____ in. Hg

Calibrator GARRISON Reference: mercury-in-glass ASTM 63F

SCOTT

other _____

Reference point number	Source ^a (specify)	Reference thermometer temperature, °C	Thermocouple potentiometer temperature, °C	Temperature difference, °C ^b *
INLET				
-	HOT WATER BATH	43.5	43	.5
-	ROOM TEMP	26	26	0
OUTLET				
-	HOT WATER BATH	43.5	42	1
-	ROOM TEMP	26	26.5	.5

^aType of calibration system used.

^b
$$\left[\frac{(\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273) - (\text{test thermom temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273)}{\text{ref temp, } ^\circ\text{C} + 273} \right] 100 \leq 1.5\%$$

Quality Assurance Handbook M5-2.5

* MUST BE WITHIN 3°C OF REFERENCE

APPENDIX E

Acetone Blank Results and
Particulate Emissions Results

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BLANK ANALYTICAL DATA FORM

Plant Beale AFB
 Sample location Blank
 Relative humidity —
 Liquid level marked and container sealed —
 Density of acetone (ρ_a) 0.78 g/ml
 Blank volume (V_a) 100 ml
 Date and time of wt 15 Sept 0900 hr Gross wt 104.8797 mg
 Date and time of wt 21 Sept 1445 hr Gross wt 104.8809 mg
 Average gross wt 104.8809 mg
 Tare wt 104.8797 mg
 Weight of blank (m_{ab}) .0012 mg

$$C_a = \frac{m_{ab}}{V_a \rho_a} = \frac{(.0012)}{(100)(0.78)} = 0.0000154 \text{ mg/g}$$

Note: In no case should a blank residue greater than 0.01 mg/g (or 0.001% of the blank weight) be subtracted from the sample weight.

Filters Filter number _____
 Date and time of wt _____ Gross wt _____ mg
 Date and time of wt _____ Gross wt _____ mg
 Average gross wt _____ mg
 Tare wt _____ mg
 Difference wt _____ mg

Note: Average difference must be less than ± 5 mg or 2% of total sample weight whichever is greater.

Remarks _____

Signature of analyst Ronald W. Vaughn
 Signature of reviewer _____

Quality Assurance Handbook M5-5.4

XROM "METH F"

RUN NUMBER
ONE

METER BOX ?
1.0020 RUN

DELTA H ?
1.9100 RUN

BAR PRESS ?
29.6500 RUN

METER VOL ?
42.1150 RUN

MTR TEMP F ?
83.0000 RUN

STATIC HOH IN ?
-0.0650 RUN

STACK TEMP.
1,437.0000 RUN

ML. WATER ?
97.0000 RUN

IMP. % HOH = 10.1

% HOH=10.1

% CO2 ?
7.2000 RUN

% OXYGEN ?
10.0000 RUN

% CO ?
0.0000 RUN

MWD =29.58
MW WET=29.39

SORT PSTS ?
7.9404 RUN

TIME MIN ?
60.0000 RUN

NOZZLE DIA ?
.6540 RUN

STK DIA INCH ?
14.0000 RUN

* VOL MTR STD = 40.856
STK PRES ABS = 29.65
VOL HOH GAS = 4.57
% MOISTURE = 10.05
MOL DRY GAS = 0.899
% NITROGEN = 80.80
MOL WT DRY = 29.58
MOL WT WET = 29.39
VELOCITY FPS = 19.65
STACK AREA = 1.07
STACK ACFM = 1.261.
* STACK DSCFM = 313.
% ISOINETIC = 99.34

RUN NUMBER
TWO

METER BOX ?
1.0020 RUN

DELTA H ?
2.4700 RUN

BAR PRESS ?
29.6500 RUN

METER VOL ?
45.3100 RUN

MTR TEMP F ?
89.0000 RUN

STATIC HOH IN ?
-0.0650 RUN

STACK TEMP.
1,385.0000 RUN

ML. WATER ?
84.0000 RUN

IMP. % HOH = 8.3

% HOH=8.3

% CO2 ?
7.4000 RUN

% OXYGEN ?
9.8000 RUN

% CO ?
0.0000 RUN

MWD =29.58
MW WET=29.61

SORT PSTS ?
8.7310 RUN

TIME MIN ?
60.0000 RUN

NOZZLE DIA ?
.6540 RUN

STK DIA INCH ?
14.0000 RUN

* VOL MTR STD = 43.535
STK PRES ABS = 29.65
VOL HOH GAS = 3.95
% MOISTURE = 8.37
MOL DRY GAS = 0.917
% NITROGEN = 80.80
MOL WT DRY = 29.58
MOL WT WET = 29.61
VELOCITY FPS = 21.57
STACK AREA = 1.07
STACK ACFM = 1.301.
* STACK DSCFM = 359.
% ISOINETIC = 90.69

XROM "METH F"

XROM "MASSFLOW"

RUN NUMBER
ONE

VOL MTR STD ?
40.8560 RUN

STACK DSCFM ?
313.0000 RUN

FRONT 1/2 MG ?
236.0000 RUN

BACK 1/2 MG ?
0.0000 RUN

F GR/DSCF = 0.0094
F MG/MMH = 204.6790
F LB/HR = 0.2400
F KG/HR = 0.1000

XROM "MASSFLOW"

RUN NUMBER
TWO

VOL MTR STD ?
43.5350 RUN

STACK DSCFM ?
359.0000 RUN

FRONT 1/2 MG ?
449.0000 RUN

BACK 1/2 MG ?
0.0000 RUN

F GR/DSCF = 0.1594
F MG/MMH = 364.8613
F LB/HR = 0.4900
F KG/HR = 0.2225

XROM "METH 5"
RUN NUMBER

THREE RUN
METER BOX Y? RUN
1.0020
DELTA H? RUN
2.3000
BAR PRESS ? RUN
29.6500
METER VOL ? RUN
43.6350
MTR TEMP F? RUN
95.0000
STATIC HOH IN ? RUN
-0.0650
STACK TEMP. RUN
1.375.0000
ML. WATER ? RUN
110.2000

IMP. % HOH = 11.1

% HOH=11.1

% CO2? RUN
8.4000
% OXYGEN? RUN
8.4000
% CO ? RUN
0.0000

MWD =29.68
MW WET=28.38

SORT PSTS ? RUN
8.3796
TIME MIN ? RUN
60.0000
NOZZLE DIA ? RUN
.6540
STK DIA INCH ? RUN
14.0000

* VOL MTR STD = 41.455
STK PRES ABS = 29.65
VOL HOH GAS = 5.19
% MOISTURE = 11.12
MOL DRY GAS = 0.889
% NITROGEN = 83.20
MOL WT DRY = 29.68
MOL WT WET = 28.38
VELOCITY FPS = 20.75
STACK AREA = 1.07
STACK ACFM = 1.331.
* STACK DSCFM = 337.
% ISOINETIC = 93.96

XROM "MASSFLO"

RUN NUMBER
THREE RUN
VOL MTR STD ? RUN
41.4550
STACK DSCFM ? RUN
337.0000
FRONT 1/2 MG ? RUN
695.0000
BACK 1/2 MG ? RUN
0.0000

F GR/DSCF = 0.2587
F MG/MMM = 592.0451
F LB/HR = 0.7473
F KG/HR = 0.3390

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APPENDIX F

Hydrogen Chloride Emissions Calculations

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XROM "MASSFLO"

RUN NUMBER	
ONE HCL	RUN
VOL MTR STD ?	
40.8560	RUN
STACK DSCFM ?	
313.0000	RUN
FRONT 1/2 MG ?	
34.9200	RUN
BACK 1/2 MG ?	
0.0000	RUN

F GR/DSCF = 0.0132
 F MG/MMH = 30.1832
 F LB/HR = 0.0354
 F KG/HR = 0.0161

XROM "MASSFLO"

RUN NUMBER	
TWO HCL	RUN
VOL MTR STD ?	
43.5350	RUN
STACK DSCFM ?	
359.0000	RUN
FRONT 1/2 MG ?	
13.7750	RUN
BACK 1/2 MG ?	
0.0000	RUN

F GR/DSCF = 0.0049
 F MG/MMH = 11.1730
 F LB/HR = 0.0150
 F KG/HR = 0.0060

XROM "MASSFLO"

RUN NUMBER	
THREE HCL	RUN
VOL MTR STD ?	
41.4550	RUN
STACK DSCFM ?	
337.0000	RUN
FRONT 1/2 MG ?	
45.3600	RUN
BACK 1/2 MG ?	
0.0000	RUN

F GR/DSCF = 0.0169
 F MG/MMH = 30.6405
 F LB/HR = 0.0480
 F KG/HR = 0.0221

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